



current sensing power shunt





features

- Ultra low resistance, suitable for large current sensing
- · Automatic mounting machines are applicable
- Suitable for reflow soldering (Not suitable for flow soldering)
- Products meet EU RoHS requirements
- AEC-Q200 tested

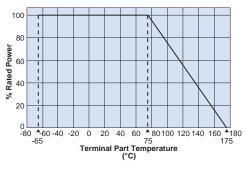
L t Electrode Resistive Element

dimensions and construction

Туре	Resist.	Dimensions inches (<i>mm</i>)				
(Inch Size Code)	(Ω)	L	W	d	t	
PSL2 (2512)	0.2m		. 124±.006 (3.15±0.15)		.055±.006 (1.40±0.15)	
	0.3m					
	0.5m				.044±.006 (1.12±0.15)	

Derating Curve

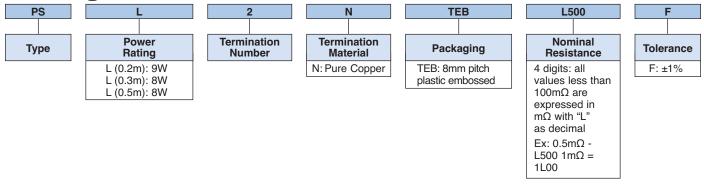
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For resistors operated at a terminal part temperature of described for each size or above, a power rating shall be derated in accordance with the derating curve.

Please refer to "Introduction of the derating curve based on the terminal part temperature" in the beginning of our catalog before use.

ordering information



For further information on packaging, please refer to Appendix A.

Specifications given herein may be changed at any time without prior notice. Please confirm technical specifications before you order and/or use. 9/20/23





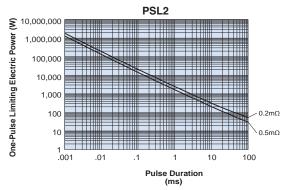
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applications and ratings

Part Designation	Power Rating (Current Rating)	T.C.R. (ppm/°C) Max.	Resistance Range	Resistance Tolerance	Rated Terminal Part Temperature	Operating Temperature Range
PSL2	9W (212A)	250±100	0.2mΩ			
	8W (163A)	±175	0.3mΩ	F: ±1% 75°C		-65°C to +175°C
	8W (126A)	±115	0.5mΩ			

environmental applications

One-Pulse Limiting Electric Power



Please ask us about the resistance characteristic of continuous applied pulse. The pulse endurance values are

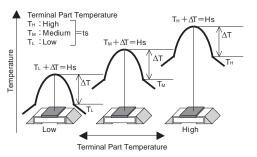
not assured values, so be sure to check the products on actual equipment when you use them.

Thermal Resistance

Туре	Resistance (Ω)	Rth (°C/W)	
PSL2	0.2m	3.2	
	0.5m	6.7	

Rth=(Hs-ts)/Power

Regarding the temperature rise, the value of the temperature varies per conditions and board for use since the temperature is measured under our measuring conditions. Please refer to us before use.



The temperature of the resistor will increase the same riangle T from the standard terminal part temperature regardlless of the ambient temperature when the same power is applied. This is because there is hardly any heat dissipation from the resistor surface to the ambient air.

Performance Characteristics

	Requirement A R ±%			
Parameter	Limit	Typical	Test Method	
Resistance	Within specified tolerance	—	25°C	
T.C.R.	Within specified T.C.R.	—	+25°C/+125°C	
Overload (Short time)	±0.5%	±0.1%	0.2m: 27W for 5 seconds; 0.3m, 0.5m: 24W for 5 seconds	
Resistance to Solder Heat	±0.5%	±0.1%	260°C ± 5°C, 15 seconds ± 1 second	
Rapid Change of Temperature	±0.5%	±0.1%	-55°C (30 minutes), +150°C (30 minutes), 1,000 cycles	
Moisture Resistance	±0.5%	±0.05%	85°C ± 3°C, 85% ± 3°C RH, 1000 hours, 10% Bias	
Endurance at 75°C and Less of Terminal Part Temperature	±1.0%	±0.3%	Terminal part temperature: $75^{\circ}C \pm 3^{\circ}C$, 1000 hours, 1.5 hr ON, 0.5 hr OFF cycle	
Low Temperature Exposure	±0.5%	±0.02%	-65°C, 1000 hours	
High Temperature Exposure	±1%	±0.5%	+175°C, 1,000 hours	

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